

ANNUAL REPORT 1971



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL

In 1971, for the first time in the Company's history, total sales passed the \$100,000,000 mark. Sales revenue for the year showed a gain of nearly 6% over 1970 in spite of sluggish economic conditions in the U.S.A. and most overseas market areas.

Consolidated net income, after Federal and state income taxes, also rose for the second consecutive year, from \$1.58 per common share to \$1.66, an increase of 5%.

INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS

In the U.S.A., sales of borate products responded to the gradual upturn in economic activity during the year. The housing boom led to strong demand from manufacturers of insulation fiber glass, but for the year as a whole sales to most of the other important borate-consuming industries showed only modest growth over the previous year.

In export markets, too, slow economic activity limited the growth of borate demand, but the dominating factor in the second half of the year was the West Coast Longshoremen's strike, which closed all ports in the western United States from July 1, 1971 until suspended by a Taft-Hartley injunction on October 7, 1971. During the strike it proved possible to supply European markets in bulk through Gulf Coast ports, although this resulted in very substantial extra costs not all of which could be recovered from customers. For markets outside Europe, notably Japan, sales came to a virtual standstill, and even after the end of the strike a shortage of vessels hampered efforts to rebuild customer inventories. In spite of these problems, however, total export sales for the year were 8% over 1970.

CONSUMER PRODUCTS

In a generally successful year, sales registered a 9% growth over 1970, and 1971 was the third consecutive year in which both sales and profit contribution increased.

In retail products, BORATEEM® sales increased after a 2-year decline, and 20 MULE TEAM® Borax achieved record volume.

20 MULE TEAM® Laundry Detergent, introduced mid-year, failed to meet sales expectations as a result of criticism by the Surgeon General of non-phosphate detergents as a whole. However, the product is improving its position in those markets where consumer demand for a non-phosphate detergent continues.

Industrial maintenance products, in spite of a decline in the total market, showed a gratifying increase over the previous year.

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AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS

Sales of potash were slightly higher than in 1970, due entirely to higher selling prices. These in turn resulted from the restrictions on production and price imposed on Canadian potash producers by the provincial government of Saskatchewan in 1970. These restrictions held production at the Allan mine to about 50% of capacity, a level which even at present prices does not yield a satisfactory return on investment. However, there is no doubt that the intervention of the Saskatchewan government has had a beneficial effect on an industry plagued by massive excess capacity.

Development and test marketing continued on COBEX, a new selective herbicide developed and patented by the Company primarily for use on cotton and soybeans. While COBEX is still in the early stages of development, its effectiveness at low application rates and also its high degree of safety in use indicate considerable promise for the future.

RESEARCH & EXPLORATION

A continuing supply of new products is vital for U.S. Borax's future prosperity. The U.S. Borax Research Corporation, in addition to its activity on selective herbicides, continued its investigation of new product opportunities for both the industrial and consumer markets. Meanwhile, in an intensified exploration effort, USB geologists carried out a wide-ranging program aimed at a variety of metallic and non-metallic minerals.

THE ENVIRONMENT

During 1971 the Company continued to devote a great deal of time and substantial expenditures to ensure that its plants comply with the increasingly strict requirements of state and local pollution control authorities.

MANAGEMENT

Mr. Ray J. Coleman retired from his position as Vice President and General Counsel after 41 years' association with the Company's legal affairs. Mr. Robert L. Starkey was elected to replace him.

CARL L. RANDOLPH

President

Chairman

UNITED STATES BORAX & CHEMICAL CORPORATION and subsidiaries

SUMMARY OF OPERATING RESULTS*

For the years ended December 31, 1971 and 1970

	1971	1970
NET SALES	6102,634,963	\$ 96,916,661
COSTS AND EXPENSES:		
Cost of goods sold	69,186,671	64,414,498
Selling, advertising, general and		
administrative expenses	19,111,834	18,477,538
Research and development expenses	3,495,676	3,153,013
Other expenses, net (including interest expense of		
\$2,351,012 in 1971 and \$2,418,327 in 1970)	1,518,541	1,539,659
	93,312,722	87,584,708
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	9,322,241	9,331,953
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		
Current	1,327,000	379,000
Deferred	959,000	2,255,000
	2,286,000	2,634,000
NET INCOME	7,036,241	\$ 6,697,953
NET INCOME PER SHARE	\$1.66	\$1.58

^{*}Including results of The Pyrites Company Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary.

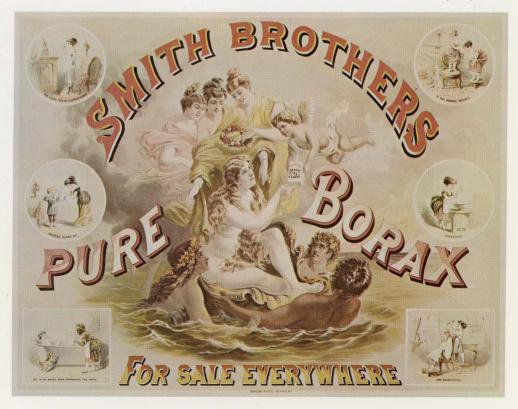
THE FIRST 100 YEARS

HE YEAR 1972 marks the 100th anniversary of U.S.Borax, and the first century of continuous borax production in the U.S.A.

The earliest predecessor company of U.S.Borax was launched in 1872 by Francis Marion ("Borax") Smith. The scene was Teel's Marsh, Nevada, where Smith and his brother Julius employed Chinese laborers to shovel borate from the ground for refining into marketable borax. A man of genius and inexhaustible energy, Mr. Smith acquired other borate properties besides Teel's Marsh, and at the same time promoted borax from a rare product known only to pharmacists and metalworkers into a household staple. In 1890 he acquired Harmony Borax Works in Death Valley from William T. Coleman, pioneer California merchant. The Harmony Works employed 40 men, and maximum production was three tons a day.

Transporting borax from Harmony to the railroad at Mojave, Calif., was accomplished by the famous Twenty-Mule Teams, which hauled the material over a desert route of 165 miles, a 20-day round trip. The romantic and dramatic appeal of men and animals pitted against the harsh and inhospitable desert soon made the Twenty-Mule Team a popular and picturesque trademark. It remains one of the oldest trademarks still in use in the U.S.

The Smith Brothers poster was used sometime between 1875 and 1884. The original of this poster is in the Prints and Poster collection of the Library of Congress in Washington, D.C.



In 1896 a merger between Smith and two young English manufacturing chemists, Richard C. Baker and James Gerstley, resulted in a firm called The Pacific Borax and Redwood's Chemical Works Ltd. of London. Another merger in 1898, absorbing that company, created Borax Consolidated Limited. Pacific Coast Borax Company operated as a division of BCL until 1956 when it was merged with United States Potash Company to form the present UNITED STATES BORAX & CHEMICAL CORPORATION.

Presidents, managers, men, mines, plants and methods have come and gone, and even the name of the company has changed, but the Company as an entity traces its heritage directly back 100 years. U.S.Borax sees its first Centennial not as the end of a century of history but as the beginning of a second century of growth and success.



This hand-out card (shown in actual size reproduction) is probably the oldest surviving promotional piece issued by any borax company. The date: 1875 or 1876.









These "Gibson girl" heads were BORAXO® box-top premiums offered in 1907. For the box top and five cents (in coin or stamps) a multi-color stone lithograph was sent to the customer.

This point-of-purchase piece was printed on cardboard, both sides, and designed to hang from above.
This was displayed by leading druggists, 1904-1906.



A hand-tinted lantern slide used in Pacific Coast Borax Company's Stereopticon exhibits throughout the United States in 1908. "The pleasant smile of a woman who is a happy possessor of all of the 20 MULE TEAM products."





This 1906 Laundress told that "all your house cleaning done quickly, easily, economically with 20 MULE TEAM Borax...lace curtains, table linen, marble mantels, mirrors, shelves, statuary, lamps and chimneys, oil-cloth floors—in fact everything in the household can be made thoroughly and hygienically clean and with little labor."



Typical 1910 Pacific Coast Borax Company Sunday magazine advertisement. Most consumer advertising in the 1910-1924 era was by house-to-house canvassing.

Cover of a 1906, thirty-two page advertising booklet. Henry Dumont, Chicago manager, was one of the strong exponents of newspaper and painted sign advertising. His advertising expenditures in 1914 reportedly ran \$20,000!

Aloft his vision o'er the desert runs, With love for it, and hate for what it holds: Across those sands burnt with remorseless suns Another caravan than his unfolds. F. M. Smith, president of Pacific Coast Borax Company, in a 1906 pamphlet declared that a mock milk bath was especially important to delicate women. His recipe: "Make up a dozen or more bags of cheese cloth about a foot square. Fill them with oatmeal and pure white castile soap shaved fine, 2/3 oatmeal, 1/3 soap. Add a half a can 20 MULE TEAM BORAXO and some powdered orris root, and tie up bag securely. One bag in twelve gallons of water makes a refreshing bath and leaves the skin like velvet."



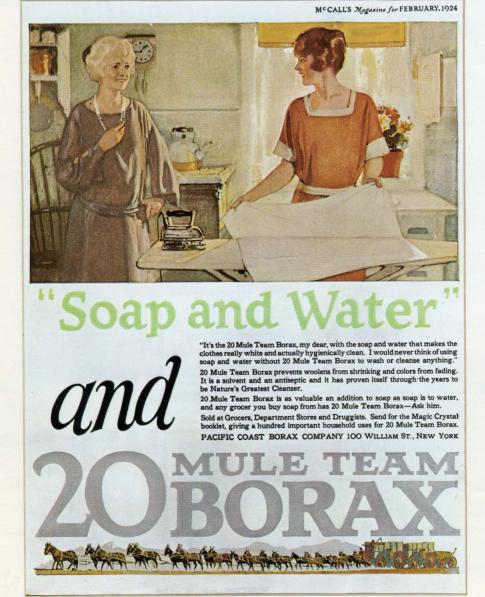


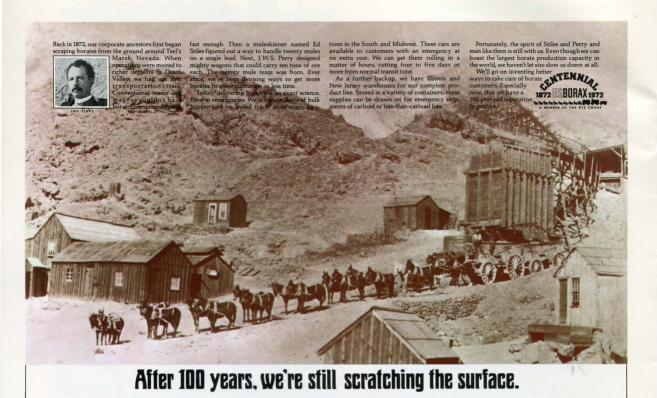
THE OLD DRIVER'S REVERIE.

But yesterday his voice was on the plain; A king of wide dominion was he then. Today he is usurped of his domain, And stronger teams respond to lesser men. A vision of the past burns on the sky, As day declines and night comes on apace,— His own beloved team tear-fills his eye, And all the weight of loss bears on his face. A 1926 SPANGLES advertisement as it appeared in the Western drug review.



During the period 1924-1929, advertising was by and large through women's magazines. This ad appeared in the 1924 MC CALL'S magazine.





A preview of U.S. Borax Marketing department's advertisements which will appear in 1972.



When we got our start back in 1872, mining borates was literally a matter of scratching the surface. An early photographer snapped these laborers gathering borate crust on the desert floor in 1885. In those days, refining processes were complicated and very expensive considering the small amount of product that could be extracted from the low-grade surface ores.

Our customers were the same then as now They insisted on a high quality, uniform prod uct delivered where and when it was needed a a realistic price. So we began the search fo more productive borate deposits and bette

nining methods.

Over the decades, that search brought us to

where we are today. From our open pit mine at Boron we take the high-grade ore to feed the largest borate production facilities in the world. When we scratch the earth now, we do it in 16-cubic-yard bites. That's what's going on in the small picture up there on the left. Then we

From this single source we refine more forms

ly, there's a lot more where your last load came from. Enough to keep us digging for a long, long time.

Just because we've been around fidoesn't mean we're getting bold and set in our ways.
The way we look at it, this is just the first

ins is just the first



After 100 years, we're still inventing faster ways to deliver.

This 1933 advertisement in the PROGRESSIVE GROCER announced the first major change in the 20 MULE TEAM
Borax package since 1900.

STEPPING OUT

20 MULE TEAM BORAX GETS
A DASHING MAY PACKAGE!

20 MULE TEAM BORAX GETS
A DASHING MAY PACKAGE!

NOTHING has ever been found or compounded that
Can compare with Borax as a washday and house
cleming heiper. But lideas in package design have
changed. So we decided to give 20 Mule Team Borax a
smart, modern package! During the next few months
the new package will start to appear. But whether your
next consignment contains new or odd packages, the
famous 20 Mule Team trademark will guarantee the
same purity and excellence of the product to you and
your customers!

BORATEEM, a relatively new 20 MULE TEAM household product, was introduced in 1962 and is now one of the most popular items. It under went several package redesigns, promotions and formulations during the past decade.



DIRECTORS

RICHARD J. L. ALTHAM

Director of The Rio Tinto-Zinc Corporation Limited Joint Managing Director of Borax Consolidated Limited Director of Borax (Holdings) Limited

THE HON. RALPH J. ASSHETON

Director of The Rio Tinto-Zinc Corporation Limited Joint Managing Director of Borax Consolidated Limited Director of Borax (Holdings) Limited

JAMES M. GERSTLEY

Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Corporation and Consultant to the Corporation

SAM HARRIS

Senior Partner of Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson Director of The Rio Tinto-Zinc Corporation Limited

ROBERT E. KENDALL

Vice President of the Corporation

FRANK L. KING

Chairman of the Board of Directors of United California Bank and of Western Bancorporation

FREDERICK A. LESSER

Director of Borax (Holdings) Limited Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Corporation

CARL L. RANDOLPH

President of the Corporation

FREDERICK H. SCHROEDER

Executive Vice President and Director of Walston & Co., Inc.

DONALD S. TAYLOR

Vice President of the Corporation

JAMES D. TENNANT

Director of Borax (Holdings) Limited and Borax Consolidated Limited

NORMAN J. TRAVIS

Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Corporation Director of The Rio Tinto-Zinc Corporation Limited Chairman and Managing Director of Borax (Holdings) Limited Chairman of Borax Consolidated Limited

OFFICERS

NORMAN J. TRAVIS, Chairman of the Board of Directors

JAMES M. GERSTLEY, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors

FREDERICK A. LESSER, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors

CARL L. RANDOLPH, President

JAMES C. CAMPBELL, Vice President

ROBERT E. KENDALL, Vice President

ROBERT L. STARKEY, Vice President, and General Counsel

HOWARD STEINBERG, Vice President

DONALD S. TAYLOR, Vice President

IAN L. WHITE-THOMSON, Vice President

RAYMOND C. DOSTA, Treasurer

LEWIS J. HASTINGS, Controller

WESLEY A. ACKERMAN, Secretary

(Bennett Och. 4 Do Sundrus 400 620 N. 12 5. 10 50 4 Dener. 500 . 88 % " 14 4 New. 420 Jan 12 134 For the Borley Returned 4000 Co. 8 muals 1. Castor Del 501 21 By Bill of It Earl & co nor sys 2 1 36 40 1 2075 27 Do 6 meals 300 " " Repairing Wagon (Blacksmithing) 1501 " 23 M Banley " " 2 Borax Barrels 3184 34 By Feed left as amangoson Filr. 13 'n 1481 Us. Barley del, at Colema 1 4 To 200 les. Hay to be returned 2640 " Merchandse as per D. B. 126 March 3. " 9 Meals 1/2 gall Curtorail 2500 575 225 " " " Mind: Break Bar 50 " " " 9/4 £ Bucon
" 8. . et Meals 3 New Shoes Rep. on Wagon 238 5001 " i. By 403 & Barley Returned - " " Host" " " Void 150 " 29 % 3 meals apr et " 3 " 150 " " " I Wew Shoe Setting old shoe 50 " " " Mending Brake bar Reportedly Charles Bennett of Pahrump, Nevada was the first " " " Hauger contractor to haul borax from the Harmony Borax Works. This " 6 . 4 meals Ranch page was photographed from W. T. Coleman's 1883 DEATH " " " " Mew Clevis kin. Splicing rod VALLEY JOURNAL. " " By H85 5 Hay

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