## Tapia Ranch Water Supply Assignment

BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING JULY 17, 2018 ITEM 6.1

### **Overview of Annexation Process**



- Determine project demand
- Determine BV-RRB Water Supply is available
- Negotiate Annexation Agreement
- Initiate LAFCO process
- Applicant acquires entitlements/CEQA
- Board Approval of Annexation Agreement and conditions precedent (including DWR Approval)
- LAFCO approval

B

### Tapia Canyon



### Tapia Ranch Development Boundary



### **Revised Annexation Area**



### **BV-RRB** Water Purchase

September 2002 Final EIR by BV-RRB for project to create supply by reregulation of high flow Kern River water

October 2006 Final EIR by CLWA for Acquisition

- ▶ 11,000 AF for in service area demand
- 4,735 AF for five anticipated annexations (Estimate of 750 AF for Tapia Canyon)
- May 2007 Purchase Agreement executed

### BV-RRB Background (Continued)

- 2008 Downturn in housing market
- Only Legacy entered into Deposit and Funding Agreement
- 2008 Wanger Decision reduced SWP reliability
  - Agency reserved all BV-RRB water for in service area use
- 2012 3000 AF made available to Legacy and Tesoro Annexations
- 2014 Tapia under new ownership approached Agency re annexation
- 2016 2015 UWMP Adopted
- 2017 Deposit and Funding Agreement Executed for Tapia Canyon
- 2018 Water Resources and Watershed Committee reviewed BVRRB water supply availability

### Water Demand Determination

#### Approach

- Single-family home demand based on lot size and demand factors from adjacent new construction
- Common landscape areas based on developers landscape plans and current landscaping ordinances
- Long-term estimated water demand of 489 AF/Yr

# Annexation Demands Included in 2015 SCV UWMP

Annexing Development	2015 UWMP	Current	
Potentially Using BV-RRB	Estimate	stimate Estimate	
Supplies	(AFY)	(AFY)	
Legacy	2,500	2,500	
Tesoro	500	389	
Таріа	575	489	
Total	3,575	3,378	

### 2015 SCV UWMP – 2050 Water Balance

Supply Source	Average/ Normal	Single Dry-Year	4-Year Drought	3-Year Drought
Existing Groundwater	31,545	40,215	36,175	35,875
Existing Recycled	450	450	450	450
Existing Imported	70,707	22,087	45,177	33,167
Bank/Exchanges		7,950	7,950	7,950
Future Groundwater	10,230	20,335	21,875	21,325
Future Recycled	9,604	9,604	9,604	9,604
Future Bank/Exchanges		22,000	22,000	22,000
Total Supply	122,536	122,641	143,231	130,371
Demand w/ Active Conservation	93,900	103,300	103,300	103,300
Surplus	28,636	19,342	39,931	27,071

### 2015 UWMP - Demand and Supplies



### Water Supply Reliability Analysis

- Alternative Water Supply Scenarios can be explored by reviewing the 2017 Water Supply Reliability Report Update
- Differs from UWMP Analysis
  - Employs a study period of 2017-2050
  - Demands increase throughout study period
  - Local and imported supplies vary with hydrology
  - Water banking/exchange programs are operated through 86 hydrologic sequences
  - Provides probabilities of meeting water demands

### Water Supply Reliability Plan Scenarios Evaluated

#### BASE SCENARIO: Based on 2015 UWMP demand, supply, and storage program assumptions

#### SCENARIO A

#### SCENARIO B

#### SCENARIO C

Base scenario with:

 SWP supplies via CA WaterFix Base scenario with:

- Moderate supply reductions
- Reduced SWP supply reliability
- Less increase in Saugus pumping capacity and recycled water use

Base scenario with:

- Large supply reductions
- Large reduction in SWP supply reliability
- Additional limits on groundwater supplies and recycled water use

### Initial Reliability of Scenarios



### 2050 Base Case vs. Scenario C

Source	Normal-Year		Single Dry-Year		
	Base Case	Scenario C	Base Case	Scenario C	Difference
SWP Table A	60,000	42,800	7,600	7,600	
Rosedale Bank	N/A	N/A	20,000	10,000	10,000
Newhall Semitropic Bank	N/A	N/A	4,950	Not in Scenario	4,950
New Bank	N/A	N/A	5,000	Not in Scenario	5,000
Alluvium	31,100 (Max) 29,000 (50% Prob.)	31,100 (Max) 27,400 (50%Prob.)	27,400	20,600	6,800
Saugus	10,700	10,700	33,200	10,700	22,500
				Total	49,250

### Scenario C: Mitigation Actions

#### ► Conclusions:

- Storage programs rather than additional supplies
- Additional withdrawal capacity from storage programs
- Can achieve 95% reliability goal through various programs and/or combinations of programs
- Potential actions used in reliability evaluation:
  - Existing Rights Rosedale-Rio Bravo Banking Program
    - Increased take capacity to 20 TAFY by 2035
  - Access to FivePoint Rights in Semitropic (Part of NR Specific Plan)
  - Create Saugus Formation Water Bank
- Other programs could achieve similar reliability results

### Reliability of Scenarios with Scenario C Potential Actions Evaluated



### Tapia Canyon Payment for Past Acquisition and Carrying Costs

Type of Cost	Tapia Canyon Share
Acquisition Cost	706,109
Carrying Cost (2007-2018)	3,399,083
Water Sales Credits	<u>330,075</u>
Total	3,775,117

### Conclusion

Sufficient BV-RRB water supply is available under 2015 UWMP planning assumptions

Under less optimistic planning assumptions, the Agency has sufficient average water supplies and dry-year demands can be met through investments in storage programs

### Recommendations

The Water Resources and Watershed Committee recommends that the Board of Directors approve a resolution determining that 489 acre-feet per year of Buena Vista-Rosedale Rio Bravo Water Supply is available for possible use for the proposed Tapia Annexation.